(b) if so, what action Government have taken in the matter in order to restore the amount to the affected person?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI JANARDHAN POOJARI): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) According to State Bank of India, from whom a report had been called, two drafts bearing No. 898150 dated 24-2-1984 for Rs. 3000/- and No. 898152 dated 24-2-1984 for Rs. 2000/- favouring M/s. Iqbal & Co. issued by State Bank of India, Purani Basti Branch, were presented through clearing on 23-3-1984 by Dena Bank, Community Centre, Mayapuri, New Delhi, and paid by State Bank of India, Chandni Chowk Branch in due course. The said instruments were duly endorsed by M/s. Iqbal & Co. in favour of Royal Trading Company in whose account the amount was credited by Dena Bank.

Withdrawal of Selective Credit Control Order in Favour of Farmers Growing Oilseeds

1886. SHRI RAJNI RANJAN SAHU: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state.

(a) whether the Central Organisation for the Oil Industry and Trade (COOIT) has urged upon Government to withdraw selective credit control order to ensure reasonable prices to farmers who are forced to sell their oilseeds at distress prices in view of the bumper crop; and

(b) if so, what action Government propose to take to provide relief to farmers?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI JANARDHAN POOJARI): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Oilseeds and oils being sensitive sensitive essential commodities, have been kept under the purview of selective credit controls. To safeguard the interest of farmers, the Government of India fix support prices and the Reserve Bank of India arranges concessional credit at an interest rate of 15 per cent per annum for public sector procurement agencies undertaking support price operations. The advances to public sector agencies for price support operations are not scbject to selective credit controls. Only operations other than price support operations are subject to the stipulation of selective credit controls. In April 1958 the selective credit controls on vegetable oils was rationalised and the maximum margins were reduced from 85 per cent to 75 per cent.

राष्ट्रीयकृत बैंकों द्वारा अधिवक्ताओं की नियुक्ति

1887. **श्री हुक्मदेव नारायण यादव :** क्या वित्त मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि : (क) राष्ट्रीयकृत बैंकों के उन अंचलों (जोनों) के नाम क्या-क्या है जहां जिला न्यायालयों उच्च न्यायालयों तथा उच्चतम न्यायालयों के लिए अधिवक्ताओं को नियुक्त या नामनिर्देशित किया जा चुका है तथा ऐसे अधिवक्ताओं की संख्या कितनी है; और

(ख) गत तीन वर्षों के दौरान इन अधिवक्ताओं को अदा की गई फीस का ब्योरा क्या है और यह फीस अदा करने वाले संबंधित अंचलों के नाम क्या-क्या हैं ।

वित्त मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री जनार्दन पुजारी) : (क) और (ख) बैंक आम तौर पर उन स्थानों पर अधिवक्ताओं की पैनल बनाते हैं जहां की अदालतों आदि में उनका नियमित रूप से काम पड़ता रहता है । अलग-अलग किस्मों के कार्यों/काम की मदों के लिए अलग-अलग फीस होती है । यह फीस अधिवक्ताओं/सालिसिटरों की साख के अनुसार भी अलग-अलग होती है ।

गुजरात के महालेखाकार के लिये कार्यालय का स्थान

1888. **श्री विट्ठलभाई मोतीराम पटेल :** क्या वित्त मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि गुजरात सरकार द्वारा गुजरात के महालेखाकार को